Do You Have Ants?

UCSC STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

No Spray Necessary, Five EASY tips!

- 1. Locate where ants are coming in
- 2. Clean up any crumbs, messes, and spills.
- 3. Use soap and water indoors to rinse any ants away, and to clean their trail
 - 4. Remove any possible food and water sources
 - 5. Seal cracks to remove their entryways

Why should spraying and ant chalk be avoided?

Spraying for ants can:

• Cause toxins to end up in storm drains, and back into the environment at UCSC

• Be harmful to the campus, young children, and pets

Ant chalk:

• Is also toxic and should not be used

• Can be mistaken for regular chalk by children

How to Prevent a Future Invasion?

For a more efficient long-term solution:

• Use household caulk to seal shut entryways

• Keep sweet liquids and greasy foods in sealed containers

- Fix leaky faucets
- Store outdoor garbage cans far from the house



<u>Is your ant problem not</u> going away?

Before buying any pesticides for personal use,

Contact:

- ♦ EH&S
- Physical Plant Pest Management Office

Ask them about pest control strategies and environmental health issues.

Contact Information:

EH&S Pesticides: Dan Blunk at (831)459-3541 or <u>blunk@ucsc.edu</u>

Physical Plant Pest Control: Rudy Balderas at (831)459-2252 or <u>rbaldera@ucsc.edu</u>

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